

All the News
While It's News

State Librarian

Vol. II. No. 223.

The Daily Republican

"The Newspaper Everybody in Rush County will Eventually Read"

Rushville, Indiana, Saturday Evening, Nov. 28, 1914.

WEATHER
Rain tonight and Sunday.

Single Copies, 2 Cents.

JOSEPH CLEVINGER, FOUND DEAD TODAY, SUPPOSED TO BE MURDERED

Posse of Armed Men Search For Unidentified Negro Who is Believed to Have Killed Him.

MYSTERY SURROUNDS AFFAIR

Lifeless Body Found Over an Hour After Clevenger and Colored Man Left Clevenger's House.

NO EVIDENCE OF SCUFFLE

Testimony Shows Dead Man Wanted
Rifle Carried by Negro—Suspect Not Right Man.

An argument over a rifle, with the possible chance of a struggle, is believed to have led to the death of Joseph Clevenger, 38 years old, this morning about five o'clock. Clevenger was shot by an unknown colored man, the bullet coming from a .22 calibre rifle. At least this is the theory of the police and coroner, although there is a possibility that Clevenger was killed accidentally in a struggle for possession of the gun.

The police and coroner are inclined to believe that he was murdered as all things point to this. The killing occurred in a lonely lane, leading from the city dump to the Standard Oil company's tanks in the southwestern edge of the city. There were no witnesses. The supposition is that Clevenger, who had taken a liking to the rifle, made an offer to the colored man for the gun, and that when this was refused, Clevenger attempted to take it away from him by force and was shot by the negro.

The bullet entered between the third and fourth ribs on the left side and angled to the right, severing a nominate artery and stopping about four inches from the spinal column. At first it was thought the wound was too large to have been caused by a .22 calibre bullet but Dr. Barnett, county coroner, probed the bullet and it was from a rifle supposed to have been in the hands of the colored man.

From Mrs. Clevenger and the children the police obtained a good description of the colored man. He is described as being very black, low, heavy-set and wore a red sweater and corduroy trousers. He also had a soft hat minus the rim and Mrs. Clevenger stated that she believed him to be about twenty-nine years old.

Following the finding of Clevenger's body and the notifying of the police word was sent to all the surrounding cities and towns asking the authorities to be on the lookout for the negro. A description was sent in each instance, but late today the police had failed to locate him. It was stated that between five o'clock and five-thirty o'clock, two trains left this city over the Big Four railway, one northbound and the other southbound. As near as the time could be determined Clevenger was killed about five o'clock and the police were inclined to believe that the negro left on one of these two trains.

Posse of armed men were busy all day hunting for the negro along Flatrock as it was thought that he might follow the river in his flight. The police and sheriff have not given up hopes of locating him. Every strange negro will be arrested on suspicion. One was found by Sheriff Cavitt near Gwynneville shortly after ten o'clock this morning and

brought here. He was held in jail and later the police released him when Mrs. Clevenger failed to identify him.

After sifting all the clews and possible evidence the police are left without a motive except that Clevenger wanted the rifle or they had an argument. Robbery is not believed to have prompted the shooting as Clevenger had only twenty-five cents on his person when although it was stated by his friends that he usually carried an amount up to five dollars.

In her testimony before the coroner Mrs. Clevenger stated that she had never seen the negro before until this morning about twelve-thirty o'clock when he came to their home, 225 South Pearl street, and wanted something to eat. She stated that Joe and the stranger talked together until some time between three and four o'clock. She thought it was nearer four o'clock than three when he left, Joe going with him. The negro, according to Mrs. Clevenger, carried a rifle and Joe talked to him about buying it or trading for it, but that the negro refused every offer Joe made for the rifle. Mrs. Clevenger stated that she could detect no ill-feeling between the men. When asked if they had been drinking, Mrs. Clevenger stated that Joe had a couple of drinks last evening, but that neither was drunk or under the influence of liquor.

The two little boys, Gladstone and Joseph, Jr., who found their father, also testified before the coroner. Their testimony was about the same as that of their mother. Gladstone stated that his father told him he would try and trade with the negro for the rifle and give it to him. Clevenger was found about midway in the lane leading west from the city dump towards the Standard Oil company's tanks. When found he was lying with his face towards the ground and was dead. Death must have been instantaneous. About five o'clock Mrs. Clevenger heard a shot from the direction of the dump. When Joe did not return Mrs. Clevenger became alarmed and sent Gladstone, 14 years old, the oldest child, and Joseph, Jr., to see what the men were doing.

The boys found their father and returned to the house and told what they had discovered. It was then that the neighborhood was aroused and the news spread rapidly that he had been murdered. According to witnesses who first visited the scene there were no signs of a struggle. The ground in the lane was not trampled in, any way to indicate that a struggle had taken place before the firing of the shot.

When Clevenger and the strange negro left the house Mrs. Clevenger gave him a lunch which she wrapped in a newspaper. The lunch was scattered on the ground beside Clevenger, indicating that the negro in his hurry to get away had dropped it and did not take time to pick it up. Four or five .22 calibre rifle shells and one empty shell were also picked up near the place where Clevenger was found. It was still dark when Clevenger was found, but the first people at the scene are positive that there were no indications of a struggle. William Smiley was one of the first there and he states that he could see none. When the crowd began to gather the ground was trampled over so that by the time the coroner arrived the ground had been firmly packed.

Clevenger was the care-taker of the city dump and had some hogs near there which he was feeding. When Clevenger remained away from the house for so long a time the family believed he was looking after the hogs, but when he was still

Continued on Page 6.

MEMORIAL DAY TO BE OBSERVED

Rushville Lodge of Elks Will Hold Services at Christian Church Sunday Afternoon, Dec. 6

SECOND EVER HELD HERE

Oscar C. Bland of Linton, Ind., Will Make Address—Special Musical Program Arranged

Rushville Lodge No. 1,307, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, will observe Elks memorial day at the Main Street Christian church Sunday afternoon, December 6, at two-thirty o'clock with exercises appropriate to the occasion.

Oscar C. Bland, of Linton, Indiana will deliver the special address. The committee was very fortunate in obtaining the consent of Mr. Bland to speak here. He has a wide reputation as an eloquent and forceful orator.

An elaborate program has been prepared, but will not be announced by the Elks until next Friday. Special music has been provided and will consist of solos and a quartet. The church will be decorated with flowers.

A general invitation is extended to the public to attend the services. The Elks lodge also extends a special invitation to every fraternal order and every church in Rush county.

It will be the second time that Elks memorial day was ever observed here as the Rushville lodge is not yet two years old. The only member who has died since the local lodge was established was George Weeks, who expired a few weeks ago.

All members of the lodge will meet at the Elks home not later than 1:45 on the afternoon of memorial day and will march to the church in a body.

The following from the Elks constitution sets forth the following regulations concerning the observation of the day:

"The first Sunday in December of each year, is dedicated as a day on which shall be commemorated by every lodge of Elks in sacred session, the memory of departed brothers, and shall be known as 'Elks Memorial Day.'

GRAND JURY IS AT IT AGAIN

Hears More Witnesses in Bill Juggling Inquiry Today.

(By United Press.) Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 28.—The Marion county grand jury heard witnesses again today in its probe of the juggling of bills through the recent legislature. These witnesses were called when all believed the jury was about to report. The witnesses today were Paul C. Hill, assistant clerk of the house, second appearance; Douglas Bosler, of Newcastle, chief deputy clerk of the house, second appearance, and Wade Free of Anderson, secretary of the senate, fourth appearance before the jury.

MARRIED IN CONNERSVILLE.

Thomas McKee and Miss Mary Miller, of near Raleigh, eloped there this morning. Mrs. Martha Miller, mother of the bride, objected to the marriage, it is stated, and the young people left home last night going to the home of a friend in Connersville. The girl left home here tomorrow evening at seven o'clock. The talk will be illustrated with stereoptican views.

WILL IT GO TO 150 BY MONDAY?

One Hundred and Thirty Barrels of Flour in Belgian Relief Fund With One Chanced Left.

WILL CLOSE MONDAY NIGHT

Milroy and Rushville Flour Will be Shipped in Same Car as it Takes 400 Barrels.

But one more day remains to report contributions to the Belgian relief fund and the hope was today, with the number of barrels of flour at one hundred and thirty, that a hundred and fifty barrels could be reached by Monday evening, the last day of November, when the fund closes.

Three barrels were contributed today, in addition to enough cash under five dollars, with the balance, to make another barrel.

There are known to be a number of people who have declared their intentions of helping the fund along, but who have not yet notified the treasurer that they would like to add a barrel. These persons who have expressed such a sentiment are urged to come forward with their contributions at once as next Monday will be absolutely the last chance to do your part toward providing food for many starving Belgians this winter.

It has been customary for millers to consider two hundred barrels of flour to a car load, but C. G. Clark & Sons today called attention to the fact that in Indianapolis, where a fund is being raised by the Indianapolis Star, that four hundred barrels are being loaded in one car. So it is resumed that the railroads here will furnish cars in which four hundred barrels can be hauled.

Arrangements were made today to ship the contribution from Milroy and vicinity with the one from here. Milroy expects to have at least two hundred barrels. Milroy will load its flour in a car and the car can be brought on here for the loading of the flour to be made at Clark's mill.

Three barrels were contributed today by "A Friend" who did not want his name mentioned, Clara E. and Albert W. Rigsbee and L. W. Keisling. "Two Sympathizers" sent in two dollars and there were two cash contributions where the desire was expressed that no names be mentioned. One was for one dollar and the other for a dollar and a half. This makes the cash for today total \$4.50. There was a balance of ninety cents, which, added to the cash today, makes enough for the fourth barrel and leaves a balance of forty cents.

Though the fund being raised here is not so large as Milroy's, it is bigger than the one being raised at Kokomo where only \$220 has been given for the same purpose. The Seymour Republican has a Belgian relief fund which stands at \$850 and they are trying to make it a thousand.

FALSE ALARM.

The fire department answered a false alarm last night at six-thirty o'clock from box No. 134, corner of Third and Spencer streets. The department made a quick run but failed to find any blaze.

MISSIONARY TO SPEAK.

Leslie Wolfe of the Philippines Islands, "living link" of the Main Street Christian church, will tell of his work in Manilla at the church here tomorrow evening at seven o'clock. The talk will be illustrated with stereoptican views.

GIVES SLOGAN STATE SCHOOLS

George M. Burnie Calls For Increase Enrollment, Average Attendance and Accessions.

COUNTY CONVENTION ENDS

New Officers Are Elected and Annual Report of Affairs of Organization is Presented.

George M. Burnie, secretary of the State Sunday school association, last night at the closing session of the Rush county Sunday school convention gave six reasons why the Sunday school is a great institution, any one of which, he contended, was sufficient. His address was on the topic, "Our Slogan" and he outlined in it the prospects of the Sunday school in Indiana.

The meeting last night was poorly attended but interest of those who were there was good. Officers were elected at the business session yesterday afternoon and announced last night as follows:

E. B. Thomas, president; E. E. Hungerford, first vice-president; J. H. Scholl, second vice-president; Mrs. E. E. Hungerford, secretary-treasurer; superintendents of departments; elementary, Miss Maye Meredith; secondary, Frank Forry; adult, Carl Webb; missionary, Miss Anna Waite; teachers training, Miss Jennie Power; temperance, Dr. P. H. Chadwick; Mary Holmes; publicity, John A. Titworth.

"Frequently we hear people say the Sunday school is a great thing," said Mr. Burnie. "I wonder if they say it because they are under conviction or whether it is due to the power of imitation. Some folks are apt at coining phases which others take up quickly and repeat without thinking of their meaning. This is often the case with the Sunday school. But I am going to give six reasons why the Sunday school is great, any one of which is sufficient."

The first of these he gave was the social scope of the Sunday school. He recalled that now the Sunday school represented every strata of society from the highest to the lowest, whereas it was called into being for the children of the street.

In the second place, he declared, the Sunday school is great because of the age of its membership. If organized under the twentieth century plan, he cited, the Sunday school has people from the cradle to the grave. The youngest person enrolled in an Indiana Sunday school, he said, was five minutes old and the oldest person ninety-two years.

Again, he asserted the Sunday school is great because of its numerical size. He said there were thirty million people enrolled in the Sunday schools of the world, as many people as there are living in France. The remarkable growth has been made, he said, in 144 years.

The fourth cause for greatness, as stated by Mr. Burnie, is the size of the Sunday school geographically. One hundred and forty years ago in the slums of Gloucester, England, the Sunday school was born, he declared, and today, go where you will, you will invariably find a Sunday school, whether it be in the heart of India or South America. He recalled that at the international Sunday school convention in South America. He recalled that at the international Sunday school convention at Zurich, Switzerland last year there were seventy nations represented, fifty-five of which were represented on the program.

The fifth cause for the greatest of

Continued on Page 6.

VILLA AT GATE OF MEXICO CITY

Opens Negotiations With Zapata to Establish Provisional President Gutierrez There.

TO START FOR VERA CRUZ

Washington Officials Believe he Will Have Little Trouble in Eliminating Carranza.

(By United Press.)

Washington, Nov. 28.—General Villa whose army is at the gate of Mexico City has opened negotiations with Zapata to establish provisional President Gutierrez in authority. There is every indication that these negotiations will succeed. This accomplished, Villa will move his troops on Vera Cruz where Carranza will make a last stand.

Information to this effect reached the state department today caused the belief that success would come to the faction led by Villa, Zapata and Gutierrez and that Carranza would be eliminated.

A dispatch from Mexico City received at the state department today and dated noon yesterday said that the arrival of Villa's army was expected hourly and officials believe they must have entered by this time.

That there would be friendly cooperation between Villa and Zapata was also indicated in the dispatches.

Gutierrez, with thirty members of the peace convention, is at San Luis Potosi. He is prepared to move to Mexico City as soon as Villa occupies the capital.

Villa will have a strongly enforced force to campaign against Carranza. Officials believe that he will lose no time in pushing Carranza toward Vera Cruz.

Word from Mexico City indicate that the permanent committee of the Aguas Calientes convention intending calling congress to meet in the near future. Every delegate to the congress who served under the Madero regime will be eligible. By this action, which it is stated has the endorsement of General Villa and all of his lieutenants, a semblance of permanent government will immediately be established in the Mexican capital. With it as a nucleus the Gutierrez regime would be in a position to appeal to the United States and the A. B. C. powers for recognition.

Despite the fact that Carranza is in control of Vera Cruz the belief is growing here that he must make material concessions to the other insurgent factions in Mexico or face annihilation.

Some Toys Will be Scarce—Buy Early

American manufacturers have risen to the emergency and supplied any threatened deficiencies in the toy stocks.

The children's Merry Christmas is assured.

Nevertheless there is more reason than ever this year for shopping early. There will be few if any belated imports.

American manufacturers have been taxed to the utmost limit of their capacities.

Today the advertising columns of The Daily Republican are an index to the full stocks of the stores as they will be every day from now until Christmas.

MENTOR

UNION SUITS
With Kant-Slip Shoulder Straps

EVENTUALLY

You will buy your Underwear here, sure—There's a reason. Allow us to suggest that the intelligent expenditure of your money demands the best thought your reason commands.

Are you awake and alive to these facts—Your underwear is of supreme importance, because it is a foundation for your entire apparel. An investigation of years has proven to us there is a great difference in popular brands of Underwear. The three elements of first importance are: "Fit," "Fabric" and "Finish." You will find the Wm. Carter and the Mentor of superior excellence in these necessary qualities.

The Guffin Dry Goods Company

Cleanest Stock

Best Service

Your Shoe Money--

1 Buys as much as ever. So there's no increased "cost of living" confronting you here.

1 Human genius has fought growing costs in shoe making—the genius that devised near-human machinery to lessen the expense of labor in the manufacture of shoes.

1 Materials are costlier, but we sell good shoes at old time good shoe prices.

BEN A. COX - The Shoe Man

Repairing Done to Suit You.

AND STORED

Our rates for auto repairing are very reasonable considering the high grade of workmanship and promptness with which we do repairing. If your automobile needs putting in good condition, you will find that no one can do it better or cheaper than

WILLIAM E BOWEN
Phone 1364THE MADDEN BROTHERS CO.
Machinists

REPAIR WORK IS OUR SPECIALTY

Have your old Machinery repaired and made good as new. Steam and Gas Engine Repairing a Specialty. Call and see our St. Mary's Semi-Automatic Gas and Gasoline Engines before you buy. 2 1/2, 4 and 7 horse power

BUILT FOR HARD SERVICE ON THE FARM
We Grind and Sharpen Lawn Mowers, Mowers, Sickles, Plow Points, Cutter Knives, Etc.

Phone 1632 517-519 West Second Street

CEMETERY MEMORIALS

If you see it at Schrichte Sons, it's the best that money and experience can select, and it's up-to-now in design. The monumental trade throughout the country recognizes the ability of Mr. A. H. Schrichte in special designing. His efforts in this line are free to you for the asking.

LARGEST STOCK OF MONUMENTS IN INDIANA

J. B. SCHRICHTE SONS

HOW TO SUCCEED

During the last few years, conditions in all lines of business, even professional life, have changed so completely that every man is waking up to the fact that in order to win success he must specialize and learn to do some thing and do it well.

So it is with any article that is sold to the people. It must have genuine merit or no amount of advertising will maintain the demand for the article.

For many years druggists have watched with much interest the remarkable record maintained by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy. From the very beginning the proprietors had so much confidence in it that they invited every one to test it.

It is a physician's prescription. They have on file thousands of unsolicited letters received from former sufferers who claim they are now enjoying good health as a result of its use.

However, if you wish first to try a sample bottle, address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., enclose ten cents and mention this paper. They will promptly forward you a sample bottle by Parcel Post.

Regular sizes for sale at all druggists—fifty cents and one dollar.

Best by Test, Fair Promise 5c Cigar

MANY LIVES ARE LOST EACH YEAR

Grade Crossings in Indiana Take Heavy Toll Annually, Statistics Presented to Show.

LAW IS NEEDED TO STOP IT

Attention to Evil Will be Brought Before Governor Ralston by National Commission.

Washington, Nov. 28.—Governor Ralston will receive shortly a communication from the secretary of the National Association of Railroad Commissioners, calling his attention to the decision of the association to ask for additional state legislation everywhere on the subject of grade crossings. The letter will direct the Governor's attention to a table showing the killed and injured as the result of trespassing on railroad property and will urge him to include in his forthcoming message to the legislature the following recommendations:

First. The enactment of a law conferring upon the public service commission the power to require the separation each year of as many and such grade crossings, as the commission believes, public safety demands and conditions warrant, and power to apportion the expense.

Second. The enactment of a law making trespassing on railroad right-of-way a misdemeanor punishable by fine or imprisonment.

The statistics gathered by the committee on grade crossings shows that in Indiana 198 persons were killed and 135 injured in 1911 in grade crossing accidents; 184 killed and 144 injured in 1912, and seventy-seven killed and fifty-six injured last year. This is about the average for the central states. During the three years approximately thirteen thousand human lives were, to use the language of the committee, "sacrificed to haste and carelessness" in thirty-seven states.

The committee on grade crossings, whose report was adopted by the National Association of Railroad Commissioners, maintains that this condition of affairs ought to be remedied. It believes that the legislation it suggests would go far toward providing the remedy. It points out that one of the greatest hindrances to the accomplishment of the desired result appears to be the inability to have the law enforced, where there is a law on the subject. "Too often votes and sentiment prevent the administration of justice," according to the committee, "especially where it is a case of the individual against a great corporation."

The growth of the automobile traffic, according to the committee, makes additional legislation imperative. On this phase of the subject the report of the committee, as adopted by the association, says:

"The reckless driving of automobiles over grade crossings, not alone by erratic and irresponsible persons, but by those persons conceded to be, in other things, careful and conservative, is adding greatly to the list of fatalities, and as this is a means of transportation across country whose popularity will increase rather than decrease, and in so many instances represents a load of from four to six persons in each automobile, it emphasizes the already urgent demand for separation of grades wherever possible, and at the same time, tends to increase the share of expense which the public, rather than the railroads, should bear."

During the last few years, conditions in all lines of business, even professional life, have changed so completely that every man is waking up to the fact that in order to win success he must specialize and learn to do some thing and do it well.

They have on file thousands of unsolicited letters received from former sufferers who claim they are now enjoying good health as a result of its use.

However, if you wish first to try a sample bottle, address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., enclose ten cents and mention this paper. They will promptly forward you a sample bottle by Parcel Post.

Regular sizes for sale at all druggists—fifty cents and one dollar.

Phone 3308

All calls answered on short notice

Try Mrs. Austin's Bag Pancake, sure to please you, all grocers.

WHEAT IS FIRM AND OTHER GRAIN STEADY

Prices Are Little Advanced While Hogs, With Receipts More Than Half Reduced Are Same.

HEIFERS ADVANCE A LITTLE

(By United Press.)

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 28.—The grain market was better today, all quotations showing a little advance. Hog prices, with the receipts reduced by more than half over yesterday, remained unchanged. There was a slight advance in the price of heifers.

WHEAT—Firm.

November ----- \$1.10½
December ----- 1.10½
January ----- 1.11½
No. 2 red ----- \$1.12½@1.13½
No. 3 red ----- 1.10½@1.11½

CORN—Steady.

No. 5 white ----- 60@60½
No. 4 white ----- 61@61½
No. 4 mixed ----- 60½@61½

OATS—Steady.

No. 2 white ----- 49@49½
No. 3 mixed ----- 47½@48½

HAY—Steady.

No. 1 timothy ----- \$16.50
No. 2 timothy ----- 15.00
No. 1 light clover, mixed ----- 15.00
No. 1 clover ----- 13.00

CATTLE—Receipts, 100.

Good to choice ----- \$8.50@9.25
Com. to med 1300 lbs up 8.00@8.50
Com. to med 1150-1250 lb 7.75@8.25

Gd to ch 900 to 1100 lbs 7.25@8.00
Com. to med 900-1000 lb 6.25@7.25
Ex. ch feed, 900-1000 lb 7.25@7.50
Com. to med, 900-1000 lb 7.25@7.50
Med feed, 700-900 lb 6.25@6.75
Common to best stockers 5.00@7.00

HEIFERS—350.

Good to choice ----- \$6.50@8.00
Fair to medium ----- 6.25@6.75
Common to fair, light ----- 5.00@6.75

COWS—

Good to choice ----- \$5.75@7.00
Fair to medium ----- 5.00@5.50
Canners and cutters ----- 3.00@4.75
Gd to ch cows & calves 60.00@80.00
C. to m. cows & calves 40.00@55.00

BULLS AND CALVES—Rec 100.

Gd to prime bulls ----- 6.50@7.00
Good to medium bulls ----- 6.00@6.50
Common bulls ----- 4.50@4.75
Com. to best veal calves 5.00@9.00
Fair to g dheavy calves 3.00@7.50

HOGS—Receipts, 7,000.

Best heavies 210 lb up \$6.80
Med and mixed 190 lb up 6.80
Ch to gd lghs 160-180 lb 6.80
C. to gd lghs 140-160 lb 6.65@6.80
Roughs ----- 6.00@6.35
Best Pigs ----- 6.00@6.25
Light Pigs ----- 4.00@5.75
Bulk of sales ----- 6.80

At Cincinnati

Wheat—No. 2, red, \$1.14½. Corn—No. 2, 74c. Oats—No. 2, 50½. Cattle—\$3.00@7.25. Hogs—\$4.50@7.75. Lambs—\$3.50@8.00

At Chicago

Wheat—No. 2, red, \$1.15½. Corn—No. 2, 66½. Oats—No. 3, 50½. Cattle—Steers, \$5.40@9.00; stockers—Steers, \$5.40@9.00; cows and heifers, \$3.60@9.20. Hogs—\$4.50@7.60. Sheep—\$5.50@6.25. Lambs—\$6.75@9.30.

At Kansas City

Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.09. Corn—No. 2, 63½. Oats—No. 2, 45c. Cattle—Steers, \$5.50@10.85. Hogs—\$6.75@7.90. Sheep — \$7.50@9.10. Lambs—\$7.50@9.10.

At St. Louis

Cattle — \$4.00@10.75. Hogs — \$6.25@7.50. Sheep — \$4.00@5.25. Lambs—\$8.00@9.00.

Wheat at Toledo

Cash, \$1.14½; December, \$1.15½; May, \$1.23½.

Local Markets.

C. G. Clark & Sons are quoting the following prices for grain today, November 28, 1914.

Wheat No. 2 ----- \$1.08
Corn No. 4 yellow ----- 55c
Corn No. 4 white ----- 56c

Rye No. 2 ----- 90c
Oats ----- 45c

Timothy hay ----- \$16.00

Clover hay ----- 14.00

Oats or wheat straw ----- 5.00

Wheat No. 2 ----- \$1.08
Corn No. 4 yellow ----- 55c
Corn No. 4 white ----- 56c

Rye No. 2 ----- 90c
Oats ----- 45c

Timothy hay ----- \$16.00

Clover hay ----- 14.00

Oats or wheat straw ----- 5.00

Wheat No. 2 ----- \$1.08
Corn No. 4 yellow ----- 55c
Corn No. 4 white ----- 56c

Rye No. 2 ----- 90c
Oats ----- 45c

Timothy hay ----- \$16.00

Clover hay ----- 14.00

Oats or wheat straw ----- 5.00

Wheat No. 2 ----- \$1.08
Corn No. 4 yellow ----- 55c
Corn No. 4 white ----- 56c

Rye No. 2 ----- 90c
Oats ----- 45c

Timothy hay ----- \$16.00

Clover hay ----- 14.00

Oats or wheat straw ----- 5.00

Wheat No. 2 ----- \$1.08
Corn No. 4 yellow ----- 55c
Corn No. 4 white ----- 56c

Rye No. 2 ----- 90c
Oats ----- 45c

Timothy hay ----- \$16.00

Clover hay ----- 14.00

Oats or wheat straw ----- 5.00

Wheat No. 2 ----- \$1.08
Corn No. 4 yellow ----- 55c
Corn No. 4 white ----- 56c

Rye No. 2 ----- 90c
Oats ----- 45c

Timothy hay ----- \$16.00

Clover hay ----- 14.00

Oats or wheat straw ----- 5.00

Wheat No. 2 ----- \$1.08
Corn No. 4 yellow ----- 55c
Corn No. 4 white ----- 56c

Rye No. 2 ----- 90c
Oats ----- 45c

Timothy hay ----- \$16.00

Clover hay ----- 14.00

Oats or wheat straw ----- 5.00

Wheat No. 2 ----- \$1.08
Corn No. 4 yellow ----- 55c
Corn No. 4 white -----

The Daily Republican

The "Old Reliable" Republican News paper of Rush County.

Published Daily except Sunday by THE REPUBLICAN COMPANY. Office: Northwest Corner of Second and Perkins Streets. RUSHVILLE, INDIANA.

Entered at the Rushville, Ind., Post office as Second-class Matter.

TELEPHONE NUMBER, 1111.

Saturday, November 28, 1914.

How Idea Originated.

Nearly \$1,900,000 has been raised by Red Cross Christmas Seals in the last six years, and yet many people who will buy these holiday stickers at this seventh annual sale do not know how the charity stamp idea originated.

It was war that brought forth the charity stamp—our Civil War of '61 to '65. Some of your grandmothers first played "post-office" with stickers similar to Red Cross Seals way back in 1862, when they conceived the idea of selling stamps at fairs for the benefit of the relief funds for the soldiers' hospitals in Brooklyn, Boston and elsewhere. Nearly \$1,000,000 was raised in this way before 1865. After the war this method of raising money was discontinued in this country for a generation, although it found vogue in Portugal, Switzerland, Austria, France, Spain, Denmark, Norway, Russia, Sweden and other European countries. There are now several thousands of different types of charity stamps used in all parts of the world, as many as forty being used in Austria for children's hospitals alone.

Stamps on seals were first used to get money for the anti-tuberculosis crusade in Norway and Sweden in 1904. To Jacob Riis, the well-known social worker of New York, and to Miss Emily P. Bissell, the energetic secretary of the Delaware Red Cross, jointly belong the honor of originating our American Red Cross Christmas Seal. In 1909, Mr. Riis' interest was aroused by the receipt of a Christmas tuberculosis stamp on a letter from Norway. He published an article about this queer-looking stamp in the "Outlook," and suggested some possible uses for it in this country. Miss Bissell at once saw an opportunity here and prepared a stamp, from the sale of which her society realized \$3,000 for tuberculosis work. So impressed was she with this success that she induced the American Red Cross to take up the sale in 1909 on a national basis. With very little organization and with hardly any attempt at careful advertising the sale that year brought in, nevertheless, over \$135,000 for anti-tuberculosis work in various parts of the United States. In 1909 with more thorough organization, the sale was increased to nearly \$310,000; in 1911 to over \$300,000 and in 1912 to over \$400,000. Last year the sale was increased to nearly 45,000,000 seals, netting \$450,000 for the anti-tuberculosis campaign.

It is fitting to note that war, inhuman and cruel, was the mother of the Red Cross Seal, and that now war for humanity against disease brings it back to its fullest usefulness.

A Failure

(Ft. Wayne News)

Was there ever a flatter fiasco than the outcome of President Wilson's Mexican policy. It cost the lives of a number of fine young men, an expenditure of over five millions of dollars, and its net result has been the discrediting of the United States not only in the eyes of Mexico but in those of all civilized and semi-civilized countries. That is the net result so far as this country is concerned, but the result for Mexico has been something a great deal more tragic and a great deal more costly.

President Wilson's interference in Mexican affairs, an unequalled-for, unwarranted and amazingly impudent interference, was based on the position that President Huerta was not a fit man to rule that country and should get out. This much was boldly stated in the correspondence incident to the very remarkable negotiations that followed the declaration of the Wilson policy, and in the same correspondence it was very broadly intimated that the Washington government proposed to act as Big Brother to Mexico and guarantee the establishment of a stable and honest rule. The result as to Huerta was

inevitable from the beginning. The attitude of the United States placed an immediate premium on revolution and all over Mexico the outlaws and bandits rose as a man. They were aided by funds and munitions taken openly across the border from the United States, and they were encouraged by the active cooperation and endorsement of Mr. Bryan and President Wilson. On a flimsy pretext the United States seized Vera Cruz and by controlling the customs house shut off Huerta's source of income. The redhanded Villa was hailed by Mr. Bryan as a patriot and the four-flusher Carranza, was acclaimed a sapient statesman. Thousands of Mexicans were butchered, including women and little children, and the trail of the outlaw armies was marked by blackened ruins and by fields laid waste. Mexico was made an inferno and from prosperity was brought to the depths of ruin. And all to what end?

Huerta was hardly out of the country until his outlaw opponents began quarreling over the spoils and today we witness them gathering their forces for a mighty war. And in the face of this approaching storm we witness the soldiers of Big Brother, Uncle Sam, ungracefully slinking from the zone of trouble. Having precipitated Mexico into hell we go away and leave her there. That, aside, from the loss of American life and American treasure, is the sum total of President Wilson's much glorified Mexican policy.

During the recent campaign the Kokomo Dispatch, Democratic organ of Howard county carried a daily column of politics labelled "Progressive News." It was marked "paid advertising." The chairman of the Howard County Progressive Committee has filed his financial report but it does not indicate that the Progressive party of that county paid one cent to the Democratic newspaper. Who, do you suppose, paid the bill?

The Republican newspaper men of the tenth Indiana district will be the guests of Congressman-elect Will P. Wood at dinner at the Hotel LaSalle, Chicago, Saturday evening, Nov. 28.

Since the election, Bull Moosers in Montgomery county are as few and far between as angel visits. The rank and file of the former party in that county are now active Republicans.

The Republicans of Hendricks county are planning for the organization of a big central Republican club with headquarters in Danville.

MEAT INJURIOUS TO THE KIDNEYS

Take a tablespoonful of Salts if Back hurts or Bladder bothers—Meat forms uric acid.

We are a nation of meat eaters and our blood is filled with uric acid, says a well-known authority, who warns us to be constantly on guard against kidney trouble.

The kidneys do their utmost to free the blood of this irritating acid, but become weak from the overwork; they get sluggish; the eliminative tissues clog and thus the waste is retained in the body to poison the entire system.

When your kidneys ache and feel like lumps of lead, and you have stinging pains in the back or the urine is cloudy, full of sediment, or the bladder is irritable, obliging you to seek relief during the night; when you have severe headaches, nervous and dizzy spells, sleeplessness, acid stomach or rheumatism in bad weather, get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast each morning and in a few days your kidneys will act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate clogged kidneys, to neutralize the acids in urine so it is no longer a source of irritation, thus ending urinary and bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia water drink, and nobody can make a mistake by taking a little occasionally to keep the kidneys clean and active.

Abstracts of Title
Fire and Tornado Insurance
All kinds of Notarial Work
Chas. G. Newkirk
Office: 229 N. Main St.
Phone 3252 Rushville

Hoosier History In Tabloid

Indianapolis, Nov. 28.—Indiana history is interesting. It is full of thrilling, significant or quaint incidents that all Hoosiers should understand and should be able to tell about. That is the theory of Demarchus C. Brown, state librarian, who has had prepared a series of leaflets to be sent broadcast in the state. Each leaflet bears the story of some incident significant in the making of the great Hoosier state.

With Indiana's centennial approaching the old stories should be taught the children, the state librarian believes. Libraries, clubs, and schools should take up the matter of Indiana history with added interest. In a leaflet sent out some interesting facts are told. For example, the state flower is the carnation; the state song is "On the Banks of the Wabash, Far Away." Everyone knows that the state's nickname is "Hoosier." Then there is a long table giving the outline history of the state in terse form.

Believing that newspaper readers want to know more about Indiana, the United Press will from time to time send out tabloid stories on the state's history. These will appear first in United Press papers.

The Daily Republican as a member of the United Press prints the

first of this series of interesting history sketches under the head "HOOSIER HISTORY IN TABLOID" in this edition.

(Prepared by the United Press from the Records in state Library.)

Few of Indiana's children—or older people either—can tell off-hand who was the first white man in Indiana. Historians were bothered by this question for a long time, and now they aren't sure. But they have about come to the conclusion that LaSalle (Robert Cavalier, Sieur La Salle) was the first pale face to find his way into what is now the great Hoosier state.

LaSalle sought the "Great River." He came down the Ohio to Louisville and traded with the Indians later along the Ouabache (Wabash) and the Ohio. He had to fight the Iroquois Indians who were very hostile, and this was a great obstacle.

LaSalle took formal possession of this section for France in 1682. The St. Joseph and Kankakee Rivers were often followed by him. Vincennes and Fort Wayne are at points frequently visited by the first white men. Vincennes was then called "The Post," and most of the settlers there were farmers. At other places the settlers lived by trading in furs.



CAPP
PLUMBING
AND
ELECTRICAL
COMPANY

Phone 1091

Garage Phone 1216

Residence Phone 1930

The Service Garage

Joe Huston does auto repairing and we Guarantee It.

We sell Lubricating Oils, Gasoline, Tires, Tubes and all Accessories and do Vulcanizing.

First class auto livery, day or night

O. D. JONES, Proprietor

Rushville, Indiana

COUGHS AND COLDS QUICKLY CURED

Here is a Cough Remedy that will stop the most stubborn cough

Alcohol, 4 Per Cent

| | |
|----------------------------|-------------|
| Each fluid ounce contains: | |
| Chloroform | 4 Grains |
| White Pine Bark | 24 Grains |
| Red Spruce Gum | 2 Grains |
| Tamarack Bark | 2 Grains |
| Wild Cherry Bark | 24 Grains |
| Sassafras Bark | 22.3 Grains |
| Ammonium Chloride | 6 Grains |

Every article a good one and they are all combined in that wonderful Cough Remedy called

Penslar White Pine and Spruce Balsam

Get a bottle of it today and stop that cough

25c per Bottle

And your money back if it fails to do the trick

F. B. Johnson & Co.

THE PENSALAR STORE

Drugs Wall Paper Paints Window Shades
Picture Framing a Specialty

Free Auto Delivery

Cream Separators

The Dairy Maid and the Blue Bell Separators which I sell for from \$40.00 to \$45.00. You have paid too much for your machines. Sam says to buy from J. W. Tompkins at all times. You can do better with J. W. than any man on earth today. Sam Young says it's so, and he won't lie.

Robes and Blankets

ROBES for autos—nothing better, all wool. Good wool Blankets, direct from factory. These blankets are no job Blankets, but are fresh from the mills—clean and the best patterns I think that were ever brought to the city. Call and look them over and get a present whether or not you buy anything.

Storm Buggies

Time or Cash, as long as they last, so don't put this off too long, for they won't last long the way they are going.

Buggy or Heavy Work Harness

on hands all the time. You don't have to wait.

We repair Buggy Tops and make Side Curtains—Repair your Harness while you wait—Buy and Sell Seeds of all kinds

J. W. Tompkins

South of Court House

CHAUNCEY W. DUNCAN
LAWYER

Rushville, Indiana

Payne Bank Bldg.

Notary Public

Residence 1088

Garage, 1425

Phone 1758

E. H. Innis, piano tuner. Leave orders at Poes' Jewelry store.

1826

Try Mrs. Austin's Bag Pancake, sure to please you, all grocers.

Want Column

Advertisements under this head are charged at the rate of one-third cent per word for each insertion. The same Ad will be placed in the Indianapolis Star and Daily Republican at the combined rate of one cent per word. Small articles of small value will be advertised free of charge.

LOST—Saturday morning, a ladies pocketbook containing some small change between Berry Grocery and Belle Cosand's millinery store. Finder please return to Belle Cosands. 2234

LOST—a fur collar between the farms of D. C. Buell and T. J. Downey. Finder please return to or notify D. C. Buell. Phone 3106. Reward. 2236

FOR RENT—5 room house, newly painted and papered with one acre of ground for garden. Agnes Winston. 222tf

WANTED—Man to sell trees, shrubs, roses, berry bushes. Permanent. Brown Brothers Nurseries, Rochester, New York. 2223

FOR SALE—1 Rude Blower, one 100 pound vase, 1 set blacksmith dies. A. M. McGinnis, 326 West Second. 221t5

WANTED—Position as housekeeper by middle age woman. Phone 1621. 221tf

WANTED—Position to do general housework. Phone 3209. 221t3

WANTED—To shuck corn by three men. Apply 1038 Perkins street. 221t6

WANTED—To trade a house and lot on East Tenth street for a house and lot on East Second or Julian street. Phone 2343. 221t6

STRAYED—Jersey cow, black shoulders. Notify Hogsett's store. 220t4

FOR RENT—Five room house with barn on west Ninth street. Call at 323 West Third street. 220t6

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Go home nights. 220 North Perkins. 220t6

FOR SALE—A few good barred Plymouth Rock Cockrels. Mrs. Geo. W. Thomas, 324 North Perkins, Rushville, Ind. 219t5

FOR SALE—1 gas heating stove, 1 gas range, 1 kitchen cabinet. All in excellent condition. Phone 1474 or call at 722 North Perkins. 219t6

FARMERS—12 inch boards for corn pen covers—Leave your order now for hog houses. The Pinnell-Tompkins Lumber Co. Phone 1031. 218t5

FOR SALE—All the timber on 15 acres consisting of Elm and Maple. One large type Poland China male hog. Alva Webb, R. R. No. 4. 218t12

FOR SALE—White Plymouth Rock Cockrels. Fitch Strain one dollar each. Mrs. L. H. Hiller, Arlington phone. R. R. 5. 217t12

FOR SALE—one 1914 Ford touring car in good condition. Prestolite tank and fully equipped. Will sell for cash or good note. Also one gas range cooking stove good as new. Warren W. Robbins. Phone 1928. 210t5

FOR SALE—4 foot floor show case case 99c. Store. Phone 1026 212t5

WANTED—Everyone who has a corn to buy a bottle of "Sure Go Corn Remedy." Guaranteed to get them. J. R. Drake. 211t5

FOR SALE—Chester white male Hogs, immunized Sept. 3. W. E. Harton and Son. Phone 1016. 193t5

FOR RENT—7 rooms of double house at 725 Morgan street. Modern improvements with cistern. Mrs. Amelia Megee, phone 1132. 162t5

FOR RENT—Residence at 320 West Seventh street. Deep well, cistern, cellar and barn. B. L. Trabue. 184t5

FOR SALE—Black horse, 4 years old. Call Mrs. William Price or Daglers training barn. 196t5

FOR RENT—3 rooms and bath over Davis & Jones store. Call at store. 213t5

GOOD MATERIAL IN CONFERENCE

Naturally Illinois, the Champions, Lead the List in Selection of All-Star Team

MANY MEN EVENLY MATCHED

Purdue Player Given Place on Team. Spectacular Ends Have Been Scarce This Year.

(Written for United Press.)
(By GLENN THISTLETHWAITE.)

ALL WESTERN TEAM.

First team Position Second team

L. E. Gunderson, Ia.

Bastion, Minn. Armstrong, Ill. Gunderson, Ia.

Buck, Wis.

L. T. Mucks, Wis.

Chapman, Ill.

L. G. Des Jardens, Chi.

Watson, Ill.

C. Kirk, Ia.

Routh, Purdue

R. G. Keeler, Wis.

Shull, Chi.

R. T. Stinchfield, Purdue

Cherry, Ohio

R. E. Russell, Chi.

Gross, Ia.

Q. Pogue, Ill.

Gray, Chi.

L. H. Clark, Ill.

Parsons, Ia.

R. H. Solon, Minn.

Graf, Ohio

F. B.

The Conference football season has been such a close one that there is an unusual supply of good material for every position on an All-Star team. So evenly matched are the men for many of the positions that there will be a great variation in the lineups picked by the different critics and as a result practically every good player will be honored by some one.

It is a safe wager that Pogue of Illinois will be given practically an unanimous choice. This little fellow is the wonder of western football. Being the lightest man playing on a conference team his achievement in scoring in every varsity game he has played since entering Illinois is marvelous.

As a running mate for Pogue no one deserves the hour more than Clark, the Illinois quarterback. With Russell of Chicago, to pilot them and Solon of Minnesota to do the line plugging we have a backfield that is as good as any all star backfield ever picked from western teams.

No team has been blessed with spectacular ends. Baston of Minnesota and Stinchfield of Purdue have first call but are closely rivaled by Gunderson, of Iowa, Cherry of Ohio, Squier of Illinois and Stavrum of Wisconsin. Keeler of Wisconsin is by far the best tackle but his team mate, Buck who was such a star last year has to give way to Armstrong of Illinois.

Mucks of Wisconsin has used his weight and strength to advantage all year and has first call on the guard position. Kirk of Iowa is a tackle but his excellent work merits a place on the first team. Des Jardens, of Chicago, who was All-American center last year is the best punter in the west. The responsibility of being Captain of the Chicago team whose line-up was constantly changing and having to do the punting detracted from the ordinary duties of a center so that Watson of Illinois has shown up as a close rival but the all round playing of the Maroon captain stamps him as the best lineman in the west.

In this honorary eleven we naturally expect Illinois, the Conference champions, to have the bulk of the honor. It will be noticed that the Illini have three men selected, while Minnesota who has won second place, and Wisconsin and Chicago who have tied for third, are honored with two each. The other places fall to Purdue and Iowa.

RUGS-RUGS-RUGS—I make 'em from old Ingrain carpets and rags. Call Charles Andrews. Phone 1070. 201t5

FOR SALE—A good cornet. Bargain. Phone 1541. 218t5

ILLINOIS MAY REPEAT IN 1915

Will Lose Four Regulars But no Difficulty is Expected in Filling Their Places

POGUE WILL STILL BE ON JOB

From This Distance it Appears That Minnesota Has Best Chance of Beating Them

BY JAMES O'DEA

(Written for United Press.)

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 28.—Illinois may repeat next year. This isn't a prediction, but it's a sure bet that the eleven that grabs the 1915 western conference football title from the Orange and Blue will be no weak old lady.

The Illini will lose Schobinger, full-back; Wagner and Seneff, substitute half-backs; Capt. Chapman and Armstrong, tackles, and Graves an end. But Pogue, who looked considerably like a whole eleven in this year's Wisconsin game; Clark, brilliant quarterback; Macomber and others of the crowd that made Zuppke's eleven invincible this year, will be on the old job when the leaves begin dropping in 1915.

Furthermore, Zuppke will be there. If the little Illinois coach continues the ratio of improvement he has shown since he first hooked up with downstaters, the Orange and Blue eleven should be almost unbeatable next year, and that's the reason the Illini would like a whack at something in the east. For the holes Zuppke must plug, he has an array of good reserve men. He may not develop another Schobinger or a couple of tackles to equal Chapman and Armstrong but on the other hand he may be able to bolster up the kicking department, where the 1914 conference champions were not particularly strong.

Minnesota may plumb Illinois out of the 1915 title. From a distance of some eleven months, the Gophers appear to have the best chance though Doc Williams undoubtedly will never admit it. The Minnesota eleven was coming strong at the close of the present season. Some green youngsters were getting considerably wised up in handling the skin of the pig and unless an unkind faculty intervenes before next fall, it looks like the Gophers and the Suckers battling for the crown.

Chicago, at the present stage, does not offer a good eleven on paper for next year. Gray and Des Jardien, remnants of the championship eleven of 1913, will be out of it next year. Quarterback Pete Russell is about all that will be left of the Maroon offense of this season and it wasn't much of an offense after all. Wisconsin seems to be in the same predicament. Both the Maroons and Badgers much fall back on this year's second string men and the best in their 1914 freshmen squads. The Maroon yearlings had no leading lights and the stories that used to filter down from Madison of freshmen wonders didn't filter this year.

There is little reason to believe that the five other "Big Nine" schools will develop a conference winner next year. Iowa, Purdue, Ohio and Indiana apparently will continue in group 2 of the conference. Northwestern hopes real hard to boost herself out of the cellar.

We have taken possession of the elevator recently traded for of Hinckle & Co. and will appreciate the patronage of all of the customers as well as new ones.

217t6 WINKLER GRAIN CO.

Try Mrs. Austin's Bag Pancake, sure to please you, all grocers.

Dr. C. J. Tucker

Physician and Surgeon

Office formerly occupied by

Dr. R. T. Blount

HOURS

8 to 10 a. m.; 2 to 5 and 7 to 8 p. m.

Sunday by Appointment

ELLIS NAMES HONORARY TEAM

United Press All-State High School

Team Picked From Members of Four Teams

FOUR WILEY MEN PICKED

Linton Gets Two, Kirklin Three and Garfield Two—Northern Part Excluded in Count

ALL-STATE H. S. TEAM.

(Note—This does not include Northern Indiana.)

Position Player School

Right Eng. *Huffine. Kirklin

Right Tackle Barnes. Wiley

Right Guard *Nitterhouse. Garfield

Center Dalrymple. Wiley

Left Guard *Grey. Linton

Left Tackle Murphy. Linton

Left End Hart. Kirklin

Quarter Werneke Wiley

Right Half Hoff. Wiley

Left Half Kreisher. Kirklin

Full Back Tingley. Garfield

*Shifted from regular position.

BY TOAD ELLIS

Indianapolis, Nov. 28.—The honorary team for the high schools of Indiana is chosen from schools in Central and Southwestern Indiana because the writer has had no opportunity to see the schools play in Northern Indiana. Doubtless South Bend has some great players, and we believe we might find in that section some guards or ends that might displace some of those on our team. Hart at end is good, but we have been forced to go out of that position to find men of calibre to rank with the rest of the team.

The team is chosen from among four teams—Wiley, Kirklin, Linton, and Garfield. There are four Wiley players. Two from Linton three from Kirklin and two from Garfield. Werneke at Quarter, is we believe the logical choice for captain. He is a clever player in every department. He runs his team swiftly and with the best of judgment. He is fast and dodges interference brilliantly. At blocking and tackling there is none better. He is 17 years old, weighs 130 pounds and has just completed his third year.

Huffine is lifted from full and shifted to end both because the big Kirklin lad is worthy of a place and because of the dearth of ends. Most of Wiley's opponents this year have stacked up three men against him. Nitterhouse is shifted from tackle to right guard. There is no question of his right to a place. Dalrymple weighs 175 pounds and is 6 feet, 2 inches tall. He is the best offensive and defensive center in the Indiana high school game and was coached by Wann, the best center the colleges had for some years.

Grey at Linton has outplayed most of the tackles sent against him and finds a place at left guard because there is no guard worth a place. Murphy is the logical choice for left tackle. He is a powerful lad and was a factor in each of Linton's many victories. Hart of Kirklin is the best tackling end in the state. He is at his best in the open game receiving forward passes.

Hoff is of the Heston type, and a

first class man at passing or receiving forward passes. He is 18, weighs 155, and is playing his third year. Spaulding's rule book picked him as all state half for last year. Krishen's rushes, long runs and interference has been a big factor in piling up scores for Kirklin. At left half he cannot be equalled Tingley at full is hurried some by Huffine of Kirklin but the Garfield man seems to have the edge.

cause there is no guard worth a

place. Murphy is the logical choice

for left tackle. He is a powerful lad

and was a factor in each of Linton's

many victories. Hart of Kirklin is

the best tackling end in the state.

He is at his best in the open game

receiving forward passes.

Another trustee has been added to

the Republican list in Kosciusko

county since the election by a re-

count and the same thing is true in

Sullivan county. In LaPorte county

the Democratic candidate for sheriff

demanded a recount and when the

commissioners had finished their

work the Republican candidate, in-

stead of being elected with a plural-

ity of 15, had a plurality of 100

What will it be
CHRISTMAS MORNING?
Leave it to me
A KODAK

We have them so simple a child can use them. We teach you how to take and make pictures free. Amusement for the young and old all the year around. Priced from

\$2.00 to \$22.50

F. E. WOLCOTT

Druggist and Kodak Man

FARMERS!

WRIGHT'S CONDENSED SMOKE

is a liquid smoke made by distilling wood for smoking all kinds of meat. It imparts to meat the same smoke flavor that is obtained when meat is smoked over a fire in the old way. One bottle will smoke a barrel of meat cheaper, better and quicker than the old way. We guarantee every bottle to give absolute satisfaction or we will refund your money.

Price 75c per Bottle

Call at our store and ask for a sample, enough to smoke 10 pounds of meat

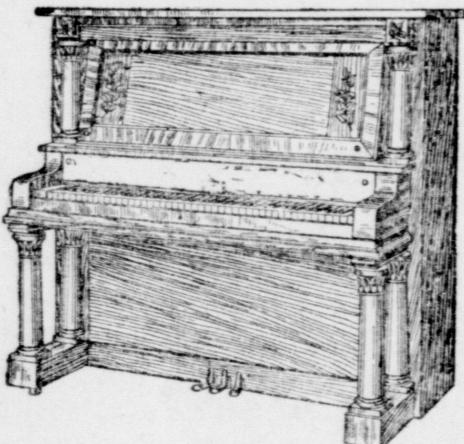
L. L. ALLEN

Phone 1420

Grocer

**Pianos
for Xmas**

Jesse French and Packard, also in Player-pianos. Let me arrange to put one in your home for Christmas.



PIANO IS RIGHT — PRICE RIGHT — TERMS RIGHT

Let Me Demonstrate

A. P. Wagoner

At Poe's Jewelry Store

Res. Phone 1299

SAFETY FIRST

When you trade with us your safety is assured.

ALL MEAT HOME DRESSED

Fresh Fish and Oysters received daily

D. M. CASADY

Corner Second and Morgan

Phone 1200

SAY, BOYS—

You'll find big bargains here in 25c Underwear

15c

25c Boys Leather Gloves

15c

50c Boys' Leather Gloves

25c

Don't go cold when so little money will warm you

We give you our Blue Cash Coupons, so when you have spent your last cent to fill the Stamp Book you'll still have \$2.00.

Hogsett's Store

One Price to All

"Good as the Best, Better than the Rest"

Rubber Goods of Quality

Every piece sold under a strict guarantee

Hot Water Bottles \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50
Fountain Syringes \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75
Combinations \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00 and \$2.25

Court House
DRUG STORE
RUSHVILLE, IND.

"It's Alive!"

**GIVES SLOGAN
STATE SCHOOLS**

Continued from Page 1.

the Sunday school, as presented by Mr. Burnie, is its organization. He said the idea of the Sunday school was not simply organization, but it was to get things that will articulate with the needs of the members. He referred to the cradle roll, which fits the infant in the arms of its mother and often establishes relations between the Sunday school and the home; the beginners department, with its special field; the primary department that has its peculiar attractions; the junior boys and girls; the intermediate department; the seniors, and finally, the adult department, with all of its varied interests. He said the organization of modern Sunday school was complex, but not any more complex than the interests of its members.

The last cause for greatest cited by Mr. Burnie was the Sunday school's curriculum. In 1872 in Indianapolis, he said, the uniform lesson was adopted, and in the last ten years the international graded lessons have come into general use. The international lessons, declared, are the result of the effort of 75 years of consecrated brains. Wherever given a chance, he asserted, they have proved their worth.

"But we have been talking about past history," he continued. "Have we finished? The Sunday school is not the product of your endeavor or mine. It is the product of those who have gone before us. It has come to us as a heritage. What are we going to do with it? Are we going to lend our life to it? What has been done is scarcely a drop in the bucket. It is almost appalling to think what is yet to be done."

"There are thirty million persons enrolled in the Sunday schools of the world and seventeen million in the United States. There has been a big increase in Indiana. In 1910 the enrollment in our state was 565,000; in 1911, 585,000; in 1912, 634,000; in 1913, 660,000, and in 1914 (the fiscal year ends in June) 710,000. I am exceedingly grateful that God is adding to our strength. The population in Indiana is 2,700,000. Now what I would like to do is to make you feel positively dissatisfied. The contended man or woman is never a bigger man or woman. One of the first steps to growth is dissatisfaction. We should cultivate the feeling of dissatisfaction."

In outlining the slogan for Indiana, Mr. Burnie divided it into three parts as follow: an increase in enrollment, an increase in average attendance and an increase in accessions to the church from the Sunday school.

Mr. Burnie said one of the common methods of increasing enrollment was to appeal to the spirit of rivalry, by which it was the easiest thing in the world to get improper results. He said contests within the Sunday school, as, for instance, when the school is divided into the Reds and Blues and the contest takes the form of a wager, because it is such when the losing division has to pay for the supper of the winning. He also advised against contests between Sunday schools of different cities unless it is properly guarded.

"I think it is possible to increase the Sunday school by the spirit of rivalry, with proper regulations, but improper methods should be guarded against, because if the contest is the only idea, the classes will gain nothing, but will lose," he said. "If there is something back of the contest and new members are assimilated, the contest will be a success."

He declared the better plan was to go at it in a business-like way. Go after new members not for six weeks, he exhorted, but for all time. He strongly advised the adoption of a cradle roll by every Sunday school in the county. He said there was one in every Sunday school in Wells county.

He also urged the adoption of the home department as a method of enlarging enrollment. He called attention to the fact that there are so many old people and others, who, for various good reasons, are unable to go to Sunday school. Some Sunday schools, he declared, are as

big as the four walls in which they meet and others are as big as the community in which they are.

His third method advanced for increasing enrollment was a joint visitation day, either throughout a whole county or just a city or town. He cited some results of this plan, recalling that Chicago, St. Louis, Richmond, Va., and Louisville had been visited in a day and Evansville, Ind., in two hours.

The second part of the slogan was an increase in average attendance. He said the first rule of this program should be that every teacher should be present every Sunday on time and set an example for their pupils. Of the 26 per cent. of the population in Indiana enrolled, he said, only 55 per cent. is an average attendance. He urged the giving of story books as the reward for loyalty.

The third part of the slogan was an increase in church membership from the Sunday school. He said that last year in Indiana 28,000 went from the Sunday school into the church, which was a big increase. He advised the observation of Decision Day at least three times a year. He lamented the fact that only seven Sunday schools in Rush county, the report showed, observed Decision Day last year, and then only once.

The annual report read yesterday afternoon showed that \$65 had been expended in state work during the year, that \$10 had been spent for incidental expenses and that there was \$22.10 left in the treasury.

There are 52 schools in the county and 27 reported to the county organization. Of this number two are classed as front-line schools, the Main Street Christian and the St. Paul's M. E. of this city.

**JOSEPH CLEVINGER IS
FOUND DEAD EARLY TODAY**

Continued from Page 1.

away after an unusually long time, Mrs. Cleverger became suspicious and stated that she came near sending the boy after his father even before she heard the shot.

The strange colored man came to the Cleverger home shortly after midnight and carried a fifteen shot .22 calibre Winchester rifle. He remained there until some time between three and four o'clock when he left, Joe going with him. According to Gladstone, his father greatly admired the rifle and stated that he would like to trade with the negro for the gun.

The negro told a strange story regarding the rifle. He stated that he had stolen some diamonds in Louisville, Ky., and was on his way on his way there to get them from the hiding place and that his rifle was his only protection. He refused to even talk about trading the rifle.

The Cleverger home presented a sad sight early this morning. Only the older of the eight children and the mother realized what had happened. The family is not in the best of circumstances financially and the blow will be a hard one for the widow and eight children. The murdered man was well known about the city. Besides the widow and eight children he is survived by two brothers, Henry and Fred Cleverger and one sister, Mrs. David Fields.

K. OF P. WORK.

The Knights of Pythias will have work in the rank of Knight on two Esquires Monday night.

Strayed or Stolen

One dark Jersey milk cow, went from W. A. Jones' pasture east of Rushville on Tuesday, 24th of November. Both horns had been broken off leaving very little horn. A good deal of black on head, neck and shoulders—good size and fat. Any information will be much appreciated by the owner.

223t5 J. W. HOGSETT.

Notice of Administration

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed by the Judge of the Circuit Court of Rush County, State of Indiana, administrator of the estate of Beulah H. Pearce, late of Rush County, deceased.

Said estate is supposed to be solvent.

THE PEOPLES LOAN & TRUST COMPANY.

Nov. 28, 1914. Administrator.

Nov.